## The 11-year Solar Cycle Variations on Gravity Waves using WACCM and SABER

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### **Objective**

 To study responses of gravity waves to the 11year solar cycle using 102 years of WACCM simulations and SABER observations.

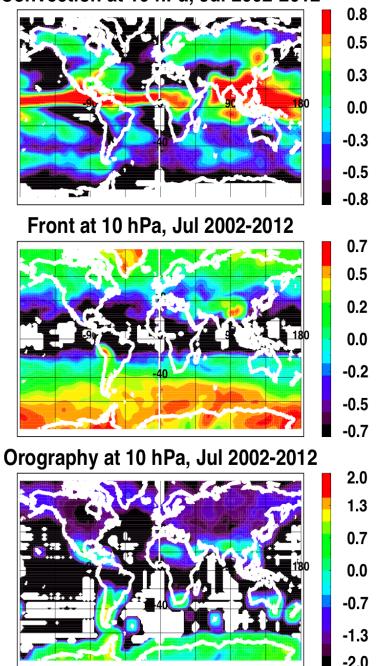
# WACCM Analysis

- WACCM-SMax : 51 year run (fixed f10.7 = 220)
- WACCM-SMin: 51 year run (fixed f10.7 =70)
- Solar Cycle Influences = WACCM-Smax - WACCM-SMin
- In the stratosphere and MLT region, results are highly influenced by SSWs and QBO (quasi-biannual oscillations).
  - the winter Southern Hemisphere to avoid SSWs.
  - Separated by QBO phase

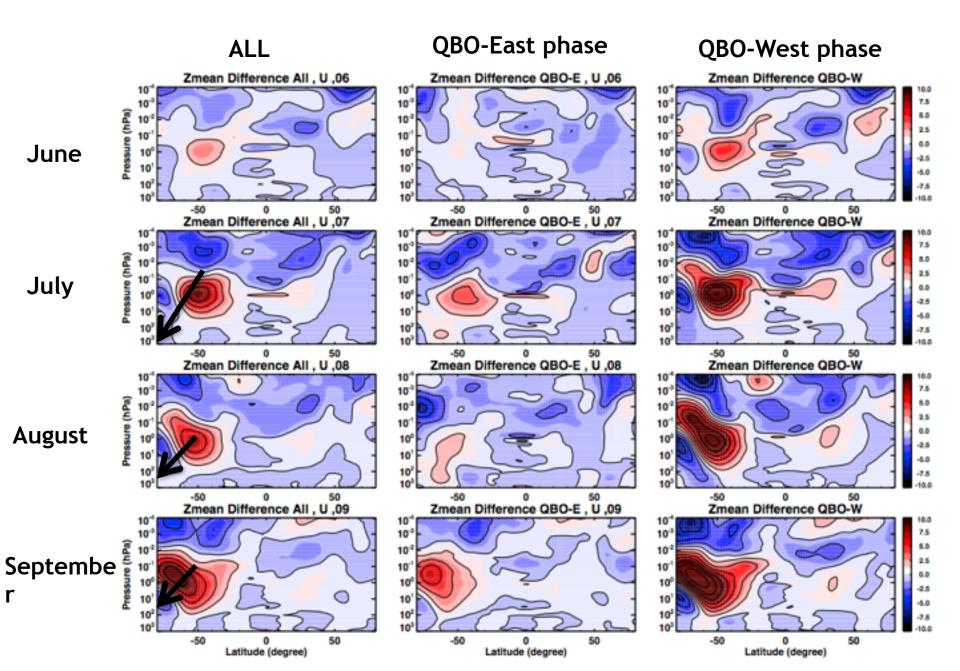
### WACCM Model Gravity Wave Parameterization

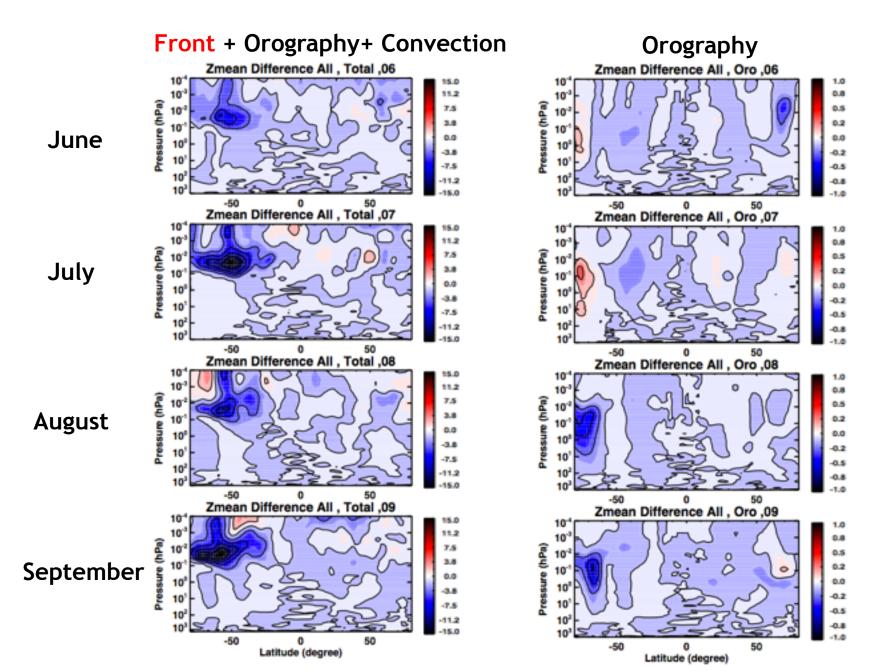
- Horizontal resolution
  - 1.9x2.5 degree
- Model Domain
  - Surface to ~150 km
- Gravity wave source variations (Topography, Convection, Front System)

Convection at 10 hPa, Jul 2002-2012

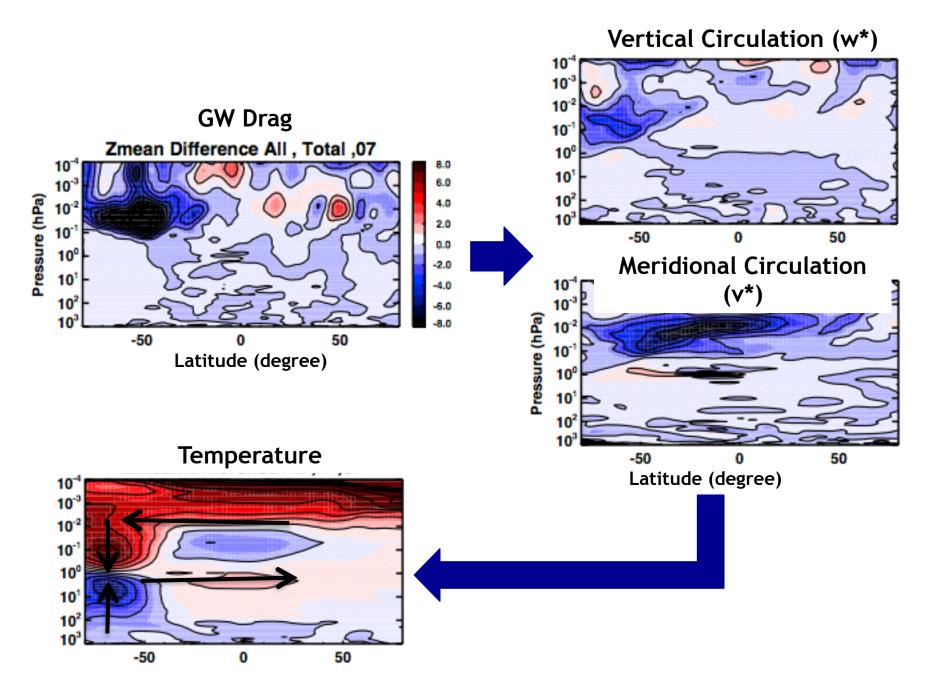


#### Difference between Smax and Smin (Zonal Wind)

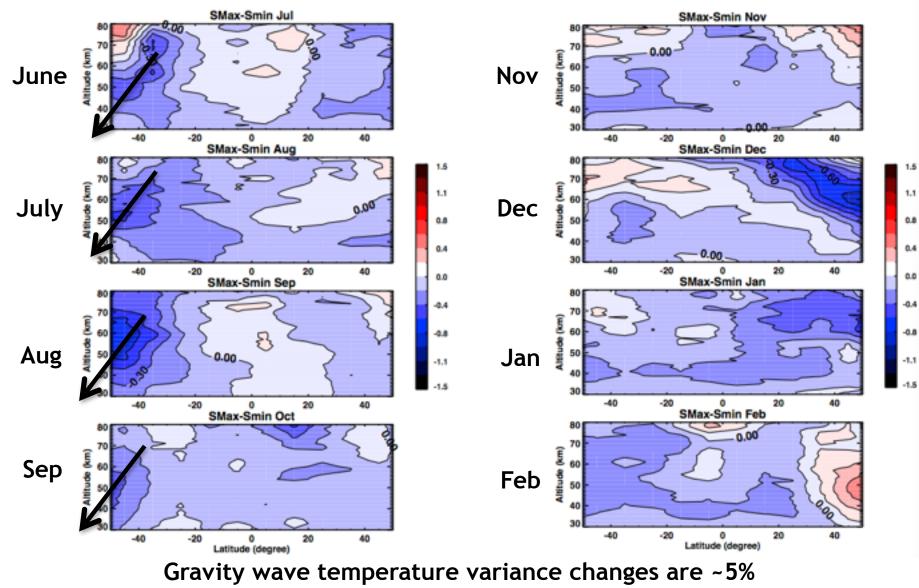




#### Gravity Wave Impacts on Residual Circulation and Temperature



#### The 11-year signature on SABER GWs (Smax - Smin)



Gravity wave changes are large in winter hemisphere probably related to

# Summary and Future Plan

- Both WACCM and SABER show responses of gravity waves to the 11-year solar cycle.
- SABER data from 2014 and 2015 will be analyzed and added to our analysis.

## Question

 How can we combine multiple instrument data to obtain long-term trend for gravity wave study?