

Global-scale Observations of the Limb and Disk (GOLD) – First Light Observations

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GOLD Mission Overview



Host Mission

- SES-14, in geostationary orbit at 47.5° west (over mouth of the Amazon River)

GOLD Instrument

- Two identical, independent imaging spectrographs covering 132-162 nm

Measurements

- Earth's disk
 - Tdisk & O/N₂ Daytime: from spatial-spectral image cubes of O-135.6 nm and N₂-LBH emission
 - Nmax Nighttime: from images of O-135.6 nm emission
- Earth's limb
 - Texo Altitude profiles of N₂-LBH emission
 - O₂ density profile Stellar occultations





GOLD Uses Whiskbroom Imaging to Build Spatial-Spectral Image Cubes



Technique

- Telescope equipped with a scan mirror images the T-I system onto the slit of an imaging spectrograph.
- The limiting resolution is \sim 50 km.
- Measurements include stellar <
 occultations and altitude profiles on the limb



The spectrograph records spectra as a function of slit height at each point on the disk.







Direct comparison with electron lamp spectra acquired during ground calibration shows that the relative band strengths are in good but not perfect agreement with Franck- Condon factors derived in the laboratory

Comparison of Laboratory Electron-Impact Spectrum and Flight Data





Images of 135.6 nm Radiance, Day 282





30-minute disk images

Morning

Aurora is visible above North America

Afternoon

- Numerous stars in the galactic plane appear around the disk
- Equatorial arcs are visible in the nominal disk scan





Day = 308 0800UT

- Days 308-309 (Nov. 4-5, 2018)
- Geomagnetic storm (Kp 6-) on day 309
- Storm increases thermospheric temperature
- Oct. March 2018 data are available
- Current data is at higher temporal and spatial resolution than planned







Days 308-310 (Nov. 4-6, 2018)

Geomagnetic storm (Kp 6-) on day 309

On that day oxygen density (relative to N₂) decreases significantly at high latitudes, equatorward of the aurora

Oct. – Dec. 2018 data are available

Updating data products soon with O/N₂ through Feb. 2019; adding correction for detector changes

(note: O/N_2 values valid only outside the regions with energetic particle precipitation)







Exospheric temperature (Texo) derived from limb scans near the equator

Day 254 20:07 UT limb scan



Fit to N_2 emission the profile at 2.75 N latitude







Exospheric temperature (Texo) derived from limb scans near the equator

GOLD vs. MSIS









O₂ Density Profiles (black) vs. a priori (red)

GOLD O2DEN a priori dependence ALL OCCs NIGHT OCCs DAY OCCs A priori **MSIS** 200 O₂ (10⁹ mol/cm³) Altitude (km) 180 160 GOLD 14 109 109 1010 1011 107 10⁸ 1010 1011 10⁸ 109 10¹⁰ O₂ Density (mol/cm³) J. Lumpe

O₂ Morphology compared to MSIS



GOLD O₂ @ 170 km

October 2018 – March 2019 data are available



Nightside Observations



Observing O 135.6 nm emissions from Appleton anomaly

Single channel 17-20 LT; 30 min imaging cadence

Both channels 20-21 LT; 15 min imaging cadence

Green line on magnetic equator

October 2018 – March 2019 data are available October 17, 2018 (day 290)









- GOLD began science operations on October 17, 2018
- Routine observations include:
 - Dayside disk scans, limb scans & stellar occultations (03:00 20:00 LT)
 - Nightside disk scans (17:00 21:00 LT, to 21:30 LT in 2019)
- Level 1 data released March 2019 (<u>http://gold.cs.ucf.edu,</u> also at SPDF)
 Channel A October 6, 2018 March 14, 2019
- Level 2 data released June 3, 2019 (at same locations as L1)
 - Tdisk, Texo, O₂ density profiles October 6, 2018 March 14, 2019
 - O/N₂ October 6, 2018 December 31, 2018; through February 2019 after reprocessing









- Instrument performance is nominal and consistent with planned performance
- Level 1 & Level 2 data are online for download
- Current data showing good agreement with other other observations and modeling
- Planning for focused observations for solar eclipse next month & for a yet to be drafted hurricane in the Atlantic
- Already, unanticipated and surprising 'weather' in the I-T system







Thank You