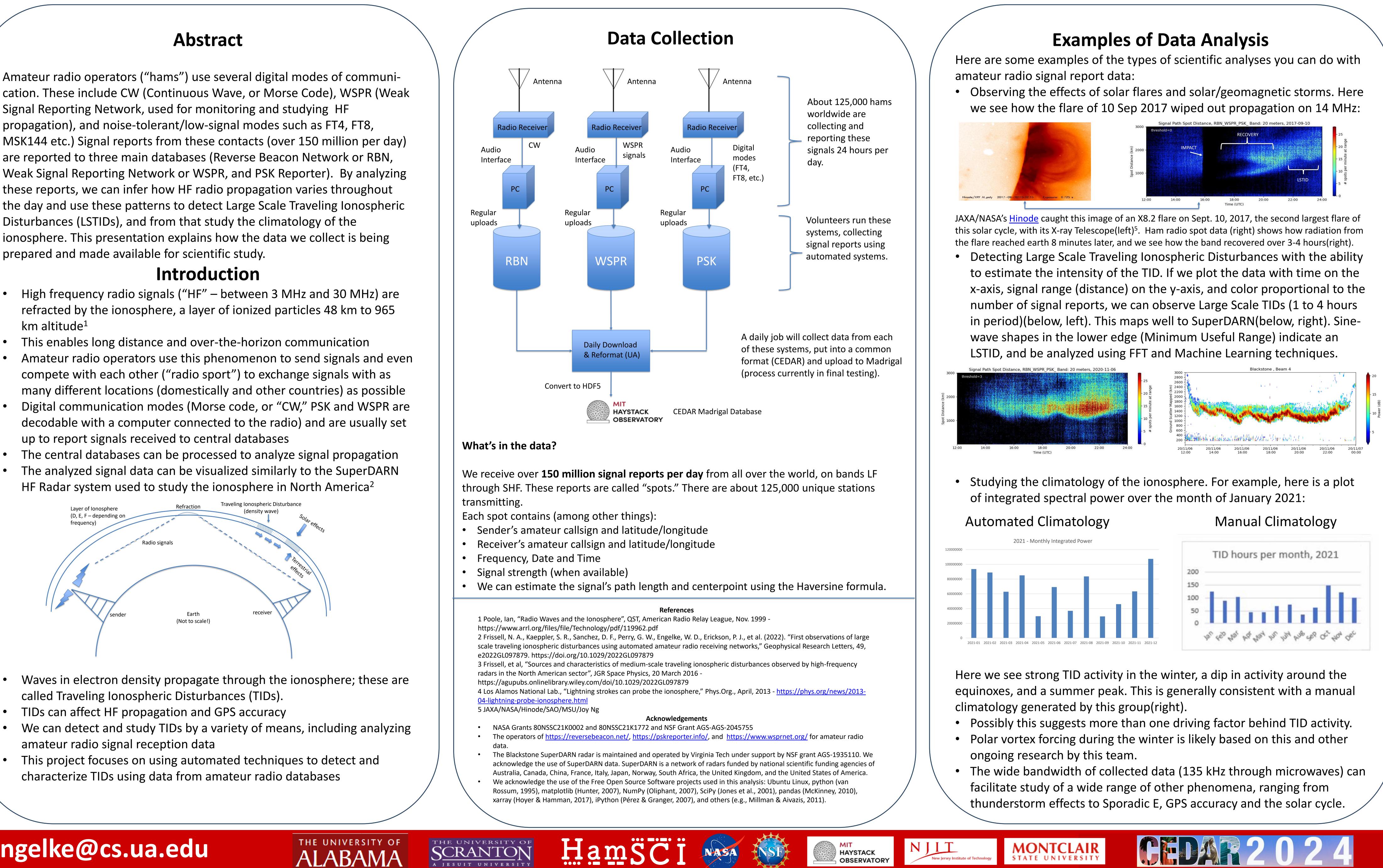


Signal Reporting Network, used for monitoring and studying HF Disturbances (LSTIDs), and from that study the climatology of the prepared and made available for scientific study.

- km altitude<sup>1</sup>



- called Traveling Ionospheric Disturbances (TIDs).
- TIDs can affect HF propagation and GPS accuracy
- amateur radio signal reception data
- characterize TIDs using data from amateur radio databases

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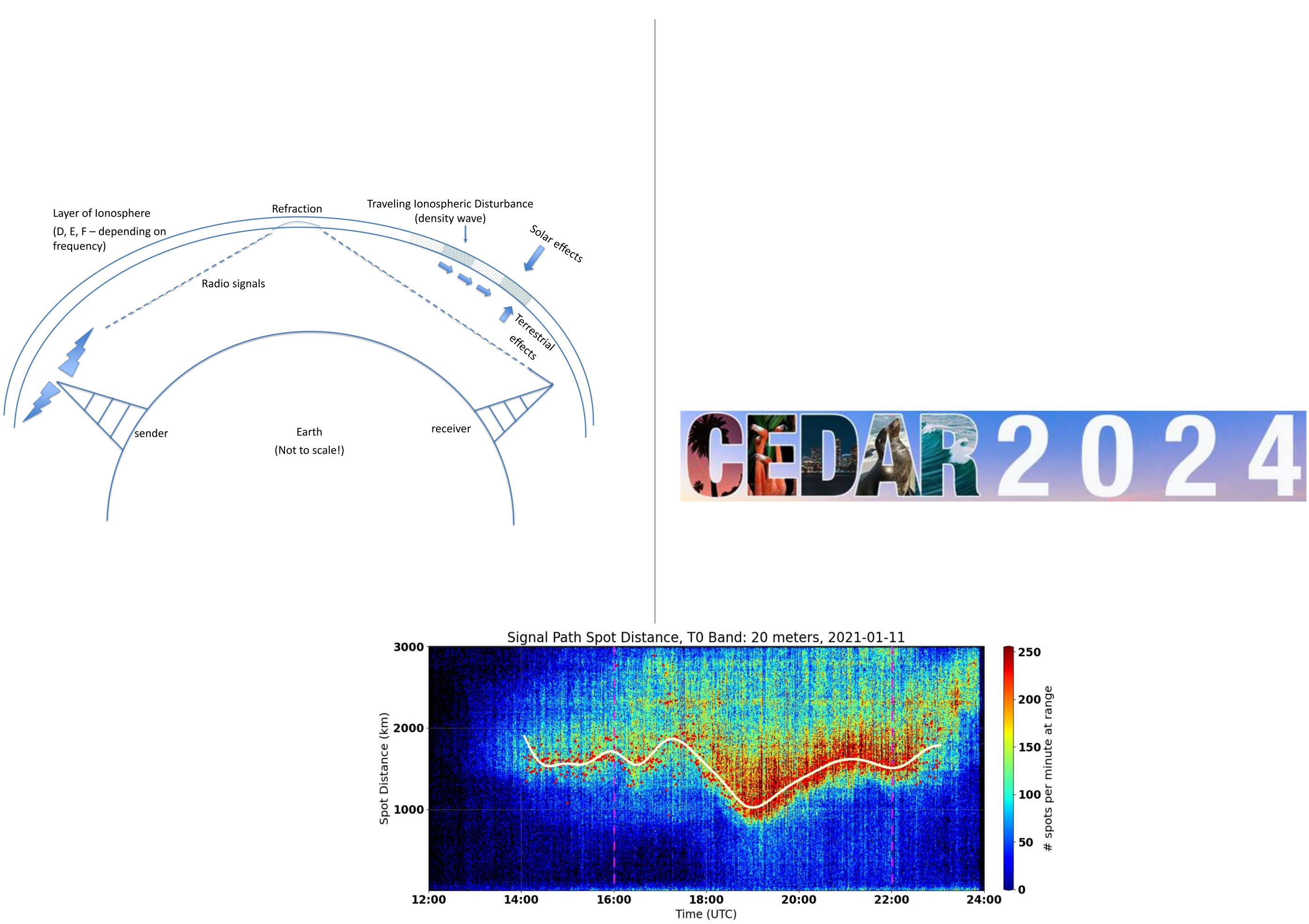


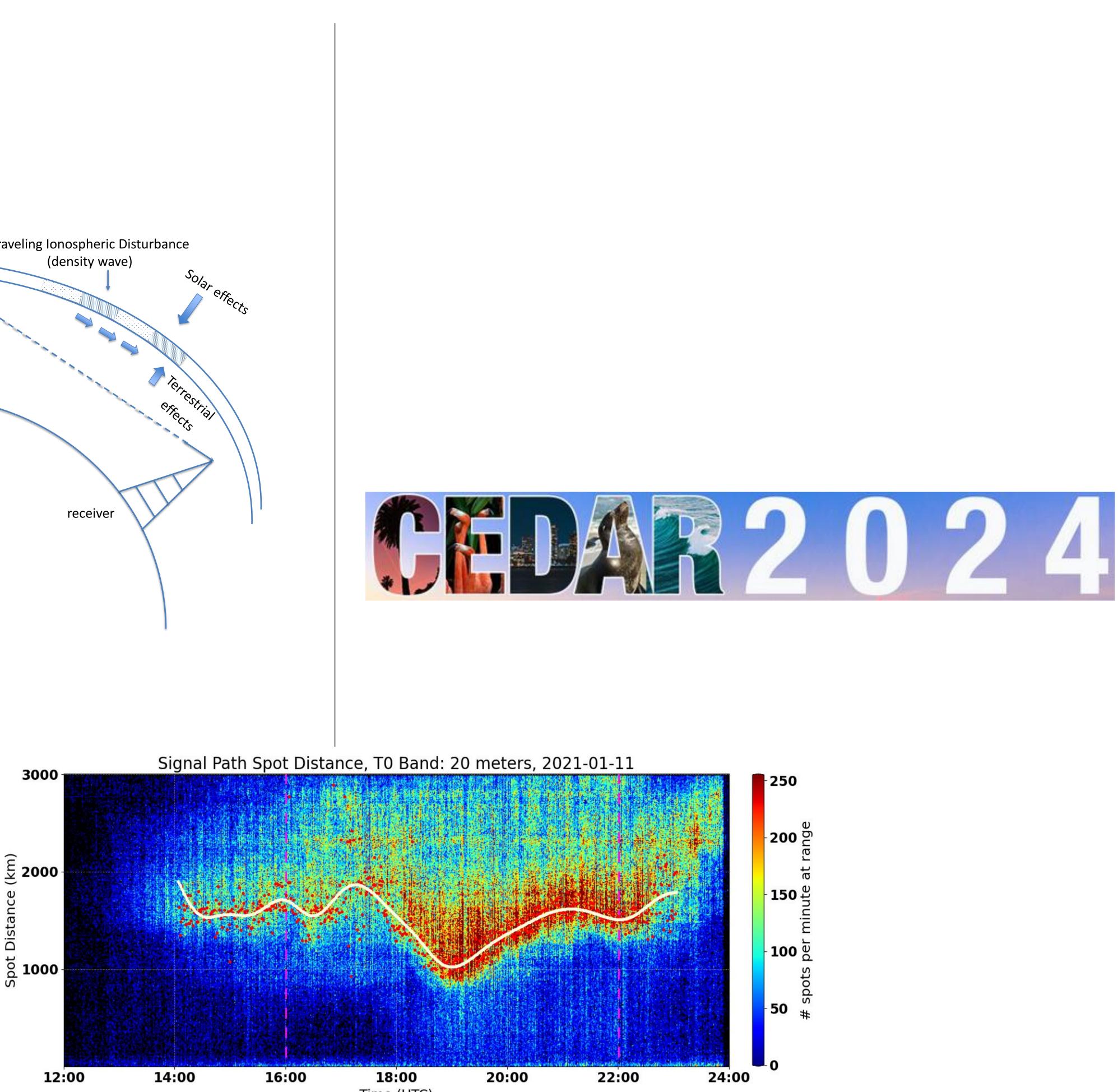
# Making Amateur Radio Data for Space Weather Research Available in the CEDAR Madrigal Database

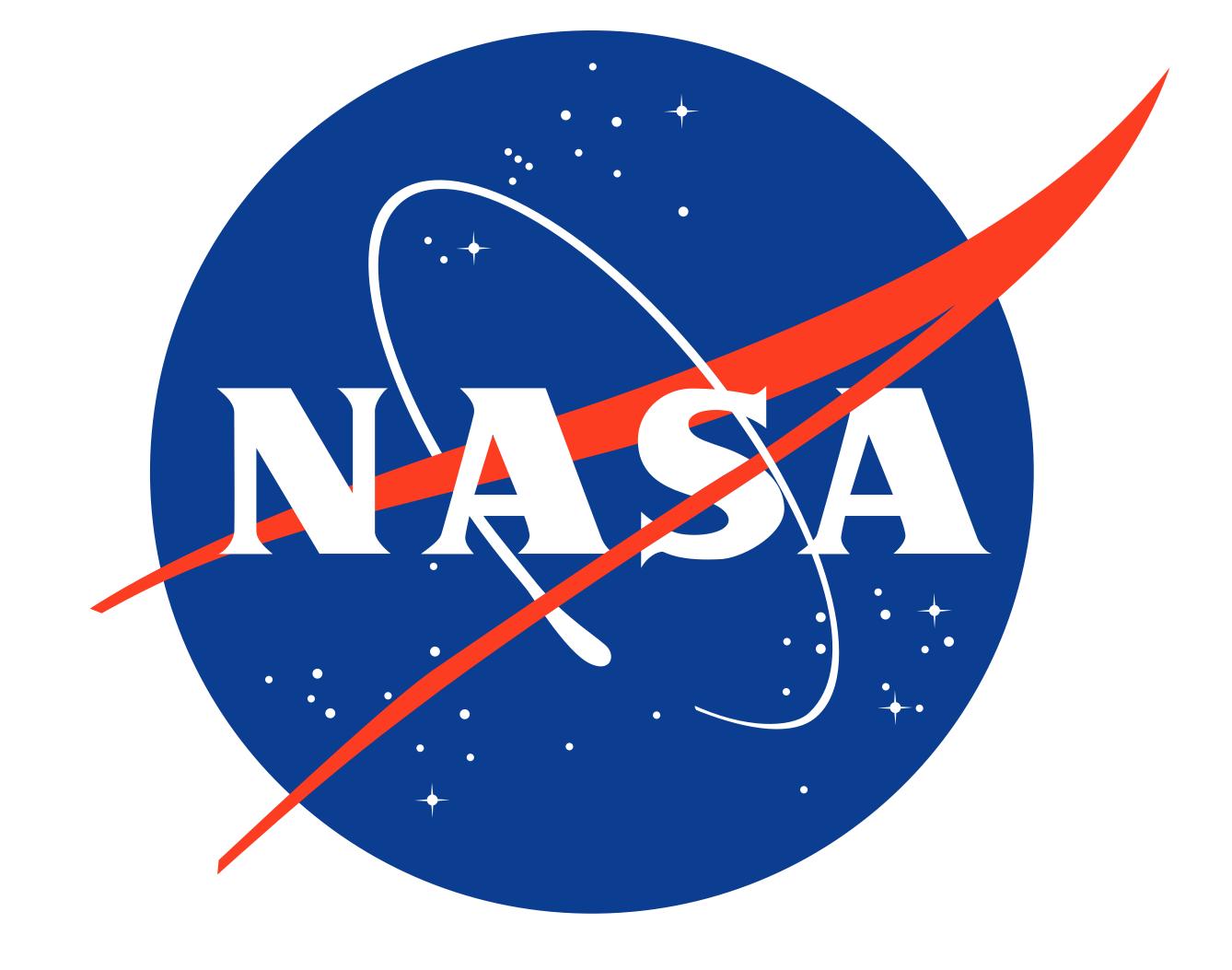
## William Engelke<sup>1</sup>, Nathaniel A. Frissell<sup>2</sup>, Travis Atkison<sup>1</sup>, Philip John Erickson<sup>3</sup>, William Rideout<sup>3</sup>, Katherine Cariglia<sup>3</sup>

University of Alabama<sup>1</sup>; University of Scranton<sup>2</sup>; MIT Haystack Observatory<sup>3</sup>

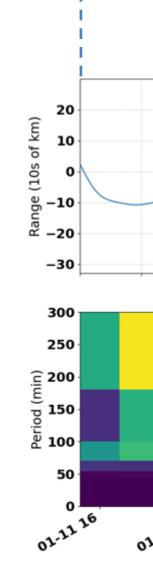


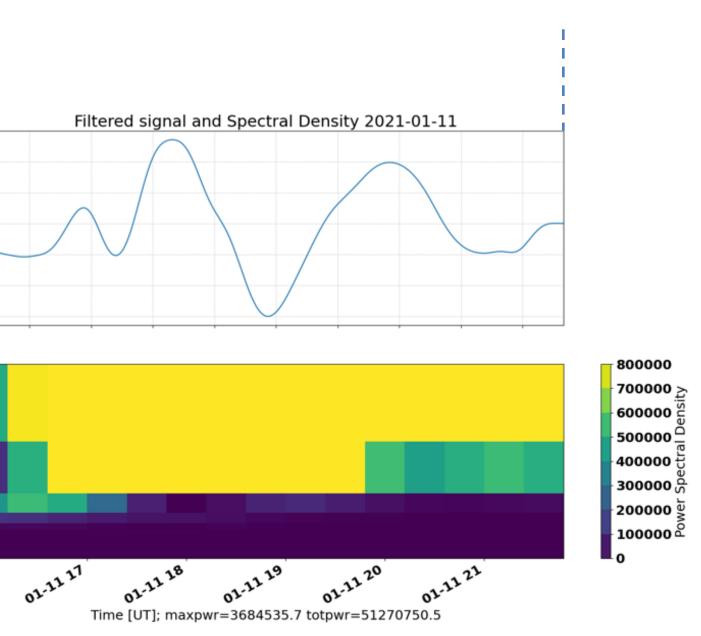






An FFT analysis detected a strong TID on 2021-01-11. The integrated spectral power on that day was very high.





Credit: JAXA/NASA/Hinode/SAO/MSU/Joy Ng

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