## **2023 Workshop: Space Climate**

Long title
Understanding space climate using models and long-term observations
Conveners
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Description

Note: this workshop will be merged with the workshop titled: Long-term changes in the ionosphere-thermosphere-mesosphere system. Conveners: Anastasia Newheart, Liying Qian, Susan Nossal. The merged workshop will be titled: Space climate and long-term changes in the ITM system in the agenda. You can contact either of these two workshops' conveners for your presentations.

The geospace environment is a highly coupled system both within itself and to the space environment above and the stratosphere and troposphere below. While knowledge of the energy inputs from the Sun and solar activity is important for understanding the solar-terrestrial system, of equal importance is the secular change due to increasing levels of CO2 and other greenhouse gases, which cool the upper atmosphere. Solar radiation and energetic particle precipitation are the major drivers for variability in the mesosphere-ionosphere-thermosphere system. On the other hand, continued cooling of the thermosphere reduces satellite drag, thereby increasing orbital debris lifetimes, and lowers the effective ionospheric conductivity, and hence alters the global currents in the magnetosphere-ionosphere system. Decades of ground and space observations and advances in geospace modeling provide an excellent opportunity to advance our understanding of variability and change in the near-Earth space environment, known as space climate. This session welcomes presentations of both ground and space observations and modeling studies on the long-term changes and variability of the mesosphere-ionospherethermosphere system that advance our understanding of space climate.

Agenda

| Zoom meeting for virtual participation   |
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| Meeting URL: <a href="https://jhuapl.zoomgov.com/j/1607307201?pwd=REN0N0E2SmpyMnJjMis2a0RIZFduUT09&amp;fro">https://jhuapl.zoomgov.com/j/1607307201?pwd=REN0N0E2SmpyMnJjMis2a0RIZFduUT09&amp;fro</a> |
| Meeting ID: 160 730 7201 Passcode: 950785  |
| 10:00  |
|  |
| Romina/Ana   |
| Introduction   |
|  |
| 10:02  |
| Enrique Rojas Villalba   |
| Long-term trends over Jicamarca from ionosonde and coherent backscatter data   |
|  |
| 10:14  |
| Dmitry Kotov   |
| Ukrainian IS radar: contribution to the atmospheric trends investigation   |
|  |
| 10:26  |
| Susan Nossal   |
| Solar activity and greenhouse gas influences on upper atmospheric hydrogen   |
|  |
| 10:38  |
|  |

| Rajan Itani  |
|--|
| Long-Term Trend in Fabry-Perot Interferometer Observations of Thermospheric F-<br>region Neutral Temperature |
|  |
| 10:50  |
| Chen Wu  |
| Solar cycle variability of atmospheric tides   |
|  |
| 11:02  |
| Shun-Rong Zhang  |
| Long-term trends in GUVI and millstone   |
|  |
| 11:14  |
| Anastasia Newheart   |
| Long-term trends in the ionosphere using WACCM-X   |
|  |
| 11:26  |
| Erin Dawkins   |
| Solar Cycle and Long-term Trends in the Observed Peak of the Meteor Altitude Distributions by Meteor Radars  |
|  |
| 11:38  |
| Marty Mlynczak   |

Long-term change and measurement requirements for developing 'geospace data records'

11:50

Discussion

## Justification

Gradual changes in solar activity, solar wind, solar EUV radiation, and Earth's magnetic field play a significant role in defining the long-term variation in the geospace environment. On the other hand, increasing concentrations of greenhouse gases have also affected the Earth's radiative balance, leading to pronounced coupling of the middle and upper atmosphere. Today geospace science stands at a crossroads: decades of observations point to an incredibly complex system under the influence of sun and solar activity that is also undergoing long-term change due to increasing greenhouse gases. The problem of space debris and the burgeoning space economy are dependent on the evolution of the geospace. The scientific understanding of the mean-state of the near-Earth geospace change and the longer-term changes of the mean state will ultimately inform future space operations, the developing space economy, and issues in space policy and space law.

## Related to CEDAR Science Thrusts:

Explore processes related to geospace evolution

Develop observational and instrumentation strategies for geospace system studies

Workshop format

**Short Presentations** 

Keywords

Space Climate, Long-term variability

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