

2025 Workshop: Hazards

Long title

Impacts of Natural and Artificial Hazards on the Upper Atmosphere

CEDAR-GEM

Conveners

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Description

Synoptic atmospheric hazards, such as hurricanes and strong frontal activity, and defined geological hazards, such as seismic and volcanic activities, can trigger acoustic and gravity waves that propagate upwards and can be detected in the upper atmosphere. Additionally, man-made artificial, accidental, and intentional explosive events are also equally responsible for generating shock or acoustic wave signatures in the geospace environment. Observation and modeling of these events can give new insights into our understanding of the dynamics, chemistry, and fundamental coupling processes between the troposphere and the middle and upper atmosphere. In system theory, such lower atmospheric events can be thought of as a defined input, $x(t)$, into a complex system, $h(t)$, where the CEDAR/GEM community can observe $y(t)$ and gain insight on the fundamental transfer function(s) representing the underlying physical processes controlling the upper atmospheric response. This workshop welcomes short interactive presentations on the upper atmospheric response to various natural and artificial phenomena occurring in the oceans, on land, and in the lower atmosphere. Such phenomena include but are not limited to, earthquakes, surface and submarine volcanic eruptions, tsunamis, typhoons, cyclones, hurricanes, tornados, thunderstorms, non-nuclear explosions, nuclear detonations, rocket exhausts, etc., which are studied from different observational and modeling approaches. Improved capabilities in forecasting these disasters can save hundreds of lives and protect billions of dollars in property from

damage. Rapidly growing and practical automated processes, such as Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML), can analyze massive data sets, enabling scientists to gain new insights and optimize performance. These advancements are crucial for hazard-related preparedness and response. The workshop seeks to bring together the CEDAR and GEM communities from different disciplines and backgrounds so as to fundamentally develop a deeper understanding of the geophysical processes involved. It is anticipated that the impact of this activity can lead to new projects related to natural and artificial hazard-induced upper atmospheric dynamics, including research-based AI/ML tools that may lead to early warning systems against such disasters.

Agenda

Date: Tuesday, June 24, 2025

Time: 10:00 - 12:00 CDT

Location: Room 319 - 320

Iowa Events Center, Convention Center

730 3rd Street, Des Moines, IA 50309

For Remote Participation:

Zoom Link:

<https://us06web.zoom.us/j/87504196255?pwd=bajUZCieKW1V81RNvkuqfAf6Du7zFk.1>

Meeting ID: 875 0419 6255

Passcode: 062222

10:00-10:12 Xian Lu (*Clemson University*): Impacts of Thunderstorm-Generated Gravity Waves on the Ionosphere-Thermosphere Using TIEGCM-NG/MAGIC Simulations and Comparisons with GNSS TEC, ICON, and COSMIC-2 Observations

10:12-10:24 Yue Deng (*University of Texas at Arlington*): Impact of Geographic Events on the Ionosphere: GITM-R Simulations

10:24-10:36 **Rafael Mesquita** (*Johns Hopkins University*): Modeling Effects of the 2024 Total Solar Eclipse on Ground Magnetometer Networks

10:36-10:48 **Larisa Goncharenko** (*MIT Haystack Observatory*): Separating Natural and Anthropogenic Sources of Ionospheric Disturbances in the Russia-Ukraine Sector

10:48-11:00 **Jonathan Snively** (*Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University*): High-Fidelity Modeling for Atmosphere-Ionosphere Responses to Wave Signals (AIRWaveS)

11:00-11:12 **Gian Luca Delzanno** (*Los Alamos National Laboratory*): Radiation Belt Remediation via Injection of Plasma Waves

11:12-11:24 **Denny M Oliveira** (*NASA Goddard Space Flight Center*): Starlink Satellite Re-entries During the Ascending Phase of Solar Cycle 25

11:24-11:36 **Paul Bernhardt** (*University of Alaska*): Rocket Exhaust Induced Precipitation of Energetic Electrons into the D-Region from Amplified VLF Waves in the F-layer

11:36-11:48 **Björn Bergsson** (*Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University*): The Impact of Line-of-Sight Orientation on GNSS TEC Observations of AGW-Induced TIDs: Application to Geolocation of TID Sources

11:48-12:00 **Sai Gowtam Valluri** (*NASA Goddard Space Flight Center*): ML-based Auroral Particle Precipitation and Electrodynamics Modeling

Justification

A powerful submarine volcano (Hunga Tonga-Hunga Ha'apai) erupted in mid-January 2022 near the South Pacific Kingdom of Tonga. The event generated a tsunami and related ocean waves across the world. This violent explosion itself reached the near stratosphere, triggering an acoustic shockwave in the troposphere that was strong enough to generate waves that reached the Earth's ionosphere. The geospace community is currently using this event to study the response function of the middle and upper atmosphere. The Tonga event, and more generally other synoptic geological, atmospheric, and artificial hazards, can generate atmospheric waves that can "ping" the upper atmospheric system. The impacts and consequences of such "perturbation or system theory" approach are not well understood, as the fundamental dynamics, chemistry, and coupling mechanisms are still poorly

constrained. Besides observations, newly practiced AI/ML-based modeling is a critical tool for forecasting natural/artificial disasters. It approximates the real system's behavior, raising awareness among the public as well as emergency responders. As such, it is an ideal time to hold a joint CEDAR/GEM workshop so as to enable the community to present, discuss, update, and improve our understanding of geological, atmospheric, and artificial hazard-related acoustic and gravity wave propagation and upper atmospheric responses. These efforts can be highlighted in various CEDAR strategic thrusts, specifically in Thrusts 1, 3, 5, and 6.

Related to CEDAR Science Thrusts:

Encourage and undertake a systems perspective of geospace

Explore processes related to geospace evolution

Develop observational and instrumentation strategies for geospace system studies

Fuse the knowledge base across disciplines in the geosciences

Manage, mine, and manipulate geoscience/geospace data and models

Workshop format

Short Presentations

Keywords

Natural/Artificial Hazards, Acoustic/Gravity Waves, Modifications/Perturbations in the Upper Atmosphere, AI/ML-Based Models

Focus Group and Group Leader

GEM Resource Group: Machine Learning (Chair: Hyunju Connor)

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