

2025 Workshop: Machine Learning in Geospace and Atmosphere

Long title

Machine Learning for Geospace and Atmospheric Environment Modeling

CEDAR-GEM

Conveners

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Description

Machine learning (ML) is rapidly transforming the study of geospace and atmospheric dynamics by enabling data-driven modeling and predictive capabilities that complement traditional physics-based approaches. This joint CEDAR-GEM workshop session brings together researchers from both communities to explore the latest advancements in ML applications for space and atmospheric sciences.

The session will highlight innovative ML methodologies used to model solar-terrestrial interactions, including the solar wind's impact on the magnetosphere, ionosphere, and thermosphere, as well as atmospheric processes influenced by space weather. Discussions will focus on integrating ML-based models across different regions of the geospace system, developing interpretable ML techniques, and advancing system-of-systems research to improve space weather forecasting. We welcome contributions on topics such as ML-enhanced data assimilation, model coupling strategies, event classification, and new datasets optimized for ML applications. The session aims to foster interdisciplinary collaboration, share best practices, and identify challenges in applying ML to geospace and atmospheric modeling.

We plan to have two joint sessions: one for general contributions on ML applications in the CEDAR-GEM community and another special session focusing on model validation during the following geomagnetic storms.

January 4, 2023 (minimum Sym-H :-74nT at 09:04UT)

May 6, 2023 (minimum Sym-H : -108 nT at 05:11 UT)

May 11, 2024 (minimum Sym-H : -518nT at 02:14 UT)

Justification

Machine learning (ML) has emerged as a powerful tool in the study of geospace and atmospheric environments, offering data-driven insights that complement traditional physics-based modeling approaches. With the increasing availability of high-resolution observational datasets from ground- and space-based instruments, ML techniques are enabling researchers to uncover complex patterns, improve predictive capabilities, and enhance our understanding of solar-terrestrial interactions. Despite these advancements, the application of ML within the CEDAR and GEM communities remains largely fragmented, with limited efforts to integrate existing ML models across different regions of the geospace and atmospheric system. This workshop session aims to address this gap by fostering collaboration between researchers from both communities, facilitating discussions on ML-based modeling approaches, and promoting the development of holistic, system-wide ML frameworks.

As ML continues to revolutionize space physics and atmospheric modeling, there is a critical need for coordinated efforts to evaluate its strengths, limitations, and best practices. This session will provide a dedicated platform for researchers to exchange ideas, showcase innovative ML methodologies, and explore strategies for integrating ML with first-principles simulations. By bringing together experts from CEDAR and GEM, this session will help bridge disciplinary divides and accelerate the adoption of ML techniques in space and atmospheric sciences. Moreover, it will contribute to the development of more robust space weather prediction models, enhance event classification and data mining efforts, and facilitate the creation of ML-ready datasets that will benefit the broader research community. Through these efforts, this session will play a pivotal role in shaping the future of ML-driven geospace and atmospheric environment modeling.

Related to CEDAR Science Thrusts:

Encourage and undertake a systems perspective of geospace

Explore exchange processes at boundaries and transitions in geospace

Explore processes related to geospace evolution

Manage, mine, and manipulate geoscience/geospace data and models

Workshop format

Short Presentations

Round Table Discussion

Include a virtual component?

Yes

Keywords

Machine Learning, Heliosphere, Geomagnetic storms, System-of-systems modeling

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